The problems we will be doing are becoming more difficult, so to do well you will need to

- 1. Read the book before starting the homework and before the lecture.
- 2. Start the homework early.
- 3. Ask questions early. If you have problems with the numerical solutions, ask for help. Or look at the past solutions and the tutorials for help. It is a more efficient use of your time to ask questions early than to spend forever debugging some code.
- 4. Make sure you know how to do all the problems. Never surrender; giving up is not an option!
- 1. Double pendulum problem revisited. From solving Problem 7-7 we found the differential equations that describe the motion for the angles $\varphi_1(t)$ and $\varphi_2(t)$ (see the solution on kstate online for the differential equations).
 - a. Express the two coupled, 2nd order differential as four 1st order coupled differential equations.
 - b. Numerically solve the four 1st order coupled differential equations for the cases
 - 1. $\varphi_1(0) = \pi/9$, $\dot{\varphi}_1(0) = 0$, $\varphi_2(0) = 0$, $\dot{\varphi}_2(0) = 0$,
 - 2. $\varphi_1(0) = \pi/2$, $\dot{\varphi}_1(0) = 0$, $\varphi_2(0) = \pi/2$, $\dot{\varphi}_2(0) = 0$,
 - 3. $\varphi_1(0) = \pi / 2$, $\dot{\varphi}_1(0) = 0$, $\varphi_2(0) = \pi$, $\dot{\varphi}_2(0) = 0$,

Plot $\varphi_1(t)$ and $\varphi_2(t)$ from *t*=0 to 40 seconds for each case.

- c. Is the motion chaotic for any of the initial conditions of part b)?
- d. Extra credit: Plot the trajectory (x,y) for mass 1 and mass 2 as a function of time from time t=0.01 to 10 seconds as a movie. An easy way to do this in Mathematica is using the command
 - <<Graphics`Animation`

Animate[ListPlot[{{x1[t],y1[t]},{x2[t],y2[t]}}, Frame->True],{t,0.01,10,0.05}]

Where x1[t] and y1[t] are the x and y positions of mass 1, the same for mass 2 at time t.

- 2. Problem 7-21, The Spinning Hoop of Doom. Let the radius of the hoop be 0.3 m. In addition to the problem, answer the following questions.
 - a. Find the equilibrium angle θ_0 of the mass as a function of ω . Plot $\theta_0(\omega)$.
 - b. Find frequencies of small oscillation ω_0 about θ_0 as a function ω . Plot $\omega_0(\omega)$.
 - c. From the plot and the expression for $\theta_0(\omega)$, define a logical critical frequency ω_c of the hoop rotation that separates the mass' motion into two categories.
 - d. What happens to $\theta_0(\omega)$ and $\omega_0(\omega)$ as $\omega \to \infty$.
 - e. Solve the differential equation for the cases $\omega < \omega_c$ and $\omega > \omega_c$. Pick a proper $\theta(0)$ and $\dot{\theta}(0)$ for each case.
 - f. Plot the phase space diagrams for cases $\omega < \omega_c$ and $\omega > \omega_c$. Pick a proper $\theta(0)$ and $\dot{\theta}(0)$ for each case.
 - g. In words, describe the motion of the mass for the two cases $\omega < \omega_c$ and $\omega > \omega_c$.
 - h. Solve the differential equation for $\theta(0) = \pi$, $\dot{\theta}(0) = 0$. Plot $\theta(t)$ for t=0 to 40 seconds. Describe the motion in words. Does the particle move? If it does move, why? This is a point of unstable equilibrium so one would expect the particle to be stationary for all time. Is the motion real? If not, what causes the apparent motion?
- 3. Problem 7-6
- 4. Problem 7-12
- 5. Problem 7-16. Instead., let the support move horizontally by $x(t) = a \cos \omega t$
 - a. Find the pendulum's equation of motion.
 - b. Is there an equilibrium angle φ_0 ?
 - c. In words describe the motion for initial conditions $\varphi(0) = 0$, $\dot{\varphi}(0) = 0$ with the length b = 1 m, a = 0.3 m, and $\omega = \sqrt{g/b}$. Plot $\varphi(t)$ and a phase space diagram for t=0 to 20 seconds.
 - d. For c) is the motion periodic or chaotic? Does the motion repeat itself after a time τ ? If so what is τ ?
- 6. Problem 7-37