

Homework 1

Due January 25, beginning of class

1. Two particles with reduced mass μ scatter from each other via a finite spherical square well interaction. The square well has radius r_0 and depth $-V_0$ ($V_0 > 0$). Consider potential strengths of $\sqrt{2\mu r_0^2 V_0}$ of 5.8, 5.9, 6.0, 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

- (a) Verify Levinson's Theorem for $\ell = 0, 1$ in each case.
- (b) Calculate the scattering length a in each case.
- (c) For the two extreme potential strengths, plot $\delta_{\ell=0}$ for scattering energies from zero to " ∞ ". Justify your choice of ∞ physically.
- (d) Calculate the total cross section σ in each case. Verify that σ is converged to 1% accuracy for energies below $9/(2\mu r_0^2)$.
- (e) Explain any features you found in σ physically. In particular, interpret the evolution of each feature with potential strength. It will probably be useful to show the phase shifts and/or partial cross sections for this purpose.
- (f) Pick one potential strength and verify that each partial wave exhibits the expected Wigner threshold behavior.

2. One model for $e^- + \text{H}(1s)$ elastic scattering uses the following static interaction potential:

$$V(r) = -\frac{e^{-2r}}{r}(1+r).$$

- (a) For what scattering energies is this model most appropriate? That is, when will it definitely break down?
- (b) Calculate the total scattering cross section for this model over the energy range you stated in (a).
- (c) Interpret the cross section physically.